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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/756,641	66,641 01/03/2001		David Proulx	David Proulx 0007056-0062/P5334NP/ARG 75	
58328	7590	11/08/2006		EXAMINER	
SONNENS	CHEIN I	NATH & ROSENT	STORK, K	STORK, KYLE R	
FOR SUN N	MICROSY	STEMS			
P.O. BOX 0	61080			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WACKER I	ORIVE ST	ATION, SEARS TO	2178		
CHICAGO,	IL 6060	6-1080		D. III	
	·			DATE MAILED: 11/08/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

47	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/756,641	PROULX ET AL.	•				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kyle R. Stork	2178					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11 A</u>	uaust 2006.						
	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.	•				
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 28-48 is/are pending in the application	1.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>28-48</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	_				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	· ·	ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	, , , ,	.d					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	·u.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate	•				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application					
	J)						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This non-final office action is in response to the request for continued examination filed 11 August 2006.

2. Claims 28-48 are pending. Claims 1-27 have been cancelled. Claims 28, 35, and 42 are independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 28-29, 33, 35-36, 40, 42-43, and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bickmore et al. (US 6875102, provisional filed 7 April 1998, hereafter Bickmore).

As per independent claim 28, Bickmore discloses a method in a data processing system for converting a word processing document to a compact word processing document format, the method comprising the steps of:

Extracting style information from the word processing document, the style
information including a paragraph style gallery and a text style gallery (column 8,
lines 53-65: Here, the style and text for each element)

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- Extracting text from the word processing document (column 8, lines 53-65: Here, the text of the page is determined and sub-divided into a plurality of smaller subpages)
- Storing the text and run information in a second record, wherein the run
 information describes locations in the text where style information is to be applied
 (column 8, lines 53-65: Here, each sub-page is stored and contains the style
 information originally associated with the text)

Bickmore fails to specifically disclose storing the style information in a first record. However, it was notoriously well known in the art at the time of the applicant's invention that style information, such as styles defined by a language grammar, is stored in a separate record allowing many instances of objects to apply the style simultaneously. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to have stored the style information separately, allowing many objects to reference the style information simultaneously.

As per dependent claims 29, Bickmore discloses wherein the method further comprises determining whether the text will fit in the second record, and if the text will not fit in the second record, storing a first portion of the text and a first portion of the run information in the second record, and a second portion of the text and a second portion of the run information in the third record (column 8, lines 53-65).

As per dependent claim 33, Bickmore discloses the ability to store text (column 8, lines 53-65). Bickmore fails to specifically disclose the text being multi-byte characters. However, it was well known in the art at the time of the applicant's invention that text

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may be multi-byte characters, containing both the character and an offset, allowing for use of an extended character set such as Kanji. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to have combined the use of multi-byte characters with Bickmore, since it would have allowed a user to represent more characters.

As per independent claims 35 and 42, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 28. Claims 35 and 42 are similarly rejected.

As per dependent claims 36 and 43, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 29. Claims 36 and 43 are similarly rejected.

As per dependent claims 40 and 47, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 33. Claims 40 and 47 are similarly rejected.

5. Claims 30-32, 37-39, and 44-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bickmore and further in view of Smith et al. (US 5212770, patented 18 May 1993, hereafter Smith).

As per dependent claims 30, Bickmore discloses the limitations similar to those in claim 28, and the same rejection is incorporated herein. Bickmore fails to specifically disclose wherein the run descriptor includes a style name, an offset, and a length. However, Smith discloses a run descriptor including a style name, an offset, and a length (column 17, lines 16-47). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to have combined Smith with Bickmore,

since it would have allowed a user to specify an exact location on a page for the display of text (Smith: column 17, lines 16-47).

As per dependent claim 31, Bickmore and Smith disclose the limitations similar to those in claim 30, and the same rejection is incorporated herein. Bickmore fails to specifically disclose wherein the style name references a style name in the paragraph and text galleries. However, it was notoriously well known in the art at the time of the applicant's invention that style information, such as styles defined by a language grammar, are referenced in order for the style to be applied to text. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to have combined this well known information with Bickmore, since it would have allowed a user to merely reference the style instead of completely redefining the style each time the user wished to generate text in the style.

As per dependent claim 32, Bickmore and Smith disclose the limitations similar to those in claim 30, and the same rejection is incorporated herein. Smith further discloses wherein the offset indicates a location in the text (column 17, lines 16-47). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to have combined Smith with Bickmore, since it would have allowed a user to specify an exact location on a page for the display of text (Smith: column 17, lines 16-47).

As per dependent claims 37 and 44, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 30. Claims 37 and 44 are similarly rejected.

As per dependent claims 38 and 45, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 31. Claims 38 and 45 are similarly rejected.

As per dependent claims 39 and 46, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 32. Claims 39 and 46 are similarly rejected.

6. Claims 34, 41, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bickmore and further in view of Kursh (US 2001/0032076, provisional file 7 December 1999).

As per dependent claim 34, Bickmore discloses the limitations similar to those in claim 28, and the same rejection is incorporated herein. Bickmore fails so specifically disclose a record based storage system on a PDA. However, Kursh discloses a record based storage system on a PDA (paragraph 0032). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to have combined Kursh with Bickmore, since it would have allowed a user to review and modify data stored within the database (paragraph 0032).

As per dependent claims 41 and 48, the applicant discloses the limitations substantially similar to those in claim 34. Claims 41 and 48 are similarly rejected.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 28-48 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kyle R. Stork whose telephone number is (571) 272-4130. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on (571) 272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kyle R Stork Patent Examiner Art Unit 2178

krs

CESAR PAULA
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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